

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

December 31, 2020

Table of Contents December 31, 2020

	Page
ndependent Auditors' Report	i
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	1
Statement of Activities	3
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	5
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	7
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	8
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	10
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	11
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds	13
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	14
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	16
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	17
Index to Notes to Financial Statements	18
Notes to Financial Statements	20
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund (Non-GAAP)	53
Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) - Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS)	54
Schedule of Employer Contributions - Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS)	54
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	55

City of Black River Falls Table of Contents

December 31, 2020

	Page
Supplementary Information	
Detailed Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - General Fund (Non-GAAP)	56
Detailed Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses - Budget and Actual - General Fund (Non-GAAP)	58
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	60
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	62
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	64
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	65
Combining Balance Sheet - General Fund	66
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund	68
Required Utility Bond Disclosures	70
Other Reports	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	71
Schedule of Findings and Responses	73



Independent Auditors' Report

To the City Council of City of Black River Falls

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component unit and remaining fund information of the City of Black River Falls, Wisconsin, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Black River Falls' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control over financial reporting relevant to the City of Black River Falls' preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Black River Falls' internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component unit and remaining fund information of the City of Black River Falls, Wisconsin, as of December 31, 2020 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Black River Falls' basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 27, 2021 on our consideration of the City of Black River Falls' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is soley to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Black River Falls' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Black River Falls' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Eau Claire, Wisconsin

Baker Tilly US, LLP

May 27, 2021

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2020

Assets and Deferred Outflows of	overnmental Activities		Business- Type Activities	_	Total	E Imp	omponent Unit Susiness provement District
Resources							
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$ 5,392,153	\$	3,709,369	\$	9,101,522	\$	-
Receivables (net):	0.700.000				2 722 000		27 240
Taxes	2,722,809		-		2,722,809		27,219
Accounts	87,886		1,240,114		1,328,000		-
Special assessments	11,068		-		11,068		-
Notes Accrued interest	770,513		- - 207		770,513		-
	-		5,397		5,397		-
Other	- 05 56 4		15,719		15,719		-
Due from other governments Internal balances	85,564		(635,530)		85,564		-
	635,530		,		239,419		-
Prepaid items and inventories Other assets	- 567,574		239,419 78,993		•		-
Restricted assets:	307,374		70,993		646,567		-
Restricted assets.			5,622,882		5,622,882		
Net pension asset	306,810		339,852		646,662		_
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):	300,010		339,032		040,002		_
Construction in progress	24,959		274,126		299,085		-
Land and land improvements	5,960,644		252,779		6,213,423		-
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	15,230,580		22,776,405		38,006,985		
Total assets	31,796,090		33,919,525	_	65,715,615		27,219
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Deferred charge on refunding	_		94,625		94,625		_
Pension related amounts	701,273		789,376		1,490,649		_
		_		_			
Total deferred outflows of resources	 701,273	_	884,001	_	1,585,274		-
Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources and Net Position							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	142,068		363,854		505,922		-
Accrued liabilities and deposits	108,447		132,777		241,224		-
Other deferred debits	-		11,558		11,558		-
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Due within one year	393,515		799,252		1,192,767		-
Due in more than one year	 2,331,742		13,533,555	_	15,865,297		
Total liabilities	2,975,772	_	14,840,996	_	17,816,768		
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unearned revenues	2,669,896		_		2,669,896		27,219
Pension related amounts	929,589		1,015,400		1,944,989		- ,- ,- ,-
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,599,485		1,015,400		4,614,885		27,219
rotal actorica lillows of resouldes	 0,000,700	_	1,010,700	_	7,017,000		21,210

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2020

	G	overnmental Activities	Business- Type Activities		Total	_	Component Unit Business nprovement District
Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources and Net Position							
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	\$	18,886,183	\$ 14,057,012	\$	32,943,195	\$	-
Future fair park projects		159,332	-		159,332		-
Future library costs		121,382	-		121,382		-
Future TIF project costs		1,128,456	-		1,128,456		-
Pensions		306,810	339,852		646,662		-
Future housing loans		853,336	-		853,336		-
Future affordable housing projects		114,070	-		114,070		-
Debt and equipment replacement		-	822,698		822,698		-
Unrestricted		4,352,537	3,727,568	_	8,080,105	_	
Total net position	\$	25,922,106	\$ 18,947,130	\$	44,869,236	\$	

Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2020

			Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs		Expenses	_	Charges for Services	G	Operating rants and ntributions	G	Capital rants and ntributions
Primary Government								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	713,895	\$	45,597	\$	56,898	\$	-
Public safety		857,762		12,742		22,285		-
Public works		1,770,475		16,111		532,223		46,811
Health and human services		10,426		-		-		-
Culture, education and recreation		1,232,447		41,764		326,558		14,033
Conservation and development		99,953		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		102,509	_					
Total governmental activities		4,787,467		116,214		937,964		60,844
Business-type activities:								
Electric Utility		5,971,503		6,122,553		_		121,823
Water Utility		786,988		1,039,042		_		· -
Sewer Utility		909,598		897,713		_		-
Ambulance	_	910,658	_	961,287				
Total business-type activities		8,578,747		9,020,595				121,823
Total primary government	\$	13,366,214	\$	9,136,809	\$	937,964	\$	182,667
Component Unit								
Business Improvement District	\$	30,867	\$		\$	3,648	\$	

General Revenues

Taxes

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for BID

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Property taxes, levied for TIF districts

Property taxes, levied for capital assets

Other taxes

Intergovernmental revenues not restricted to specific programs

Investment income

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Transfers

Change in net position

Net Position, Beginning

Net Position, Ending

Net (Exp	enses) Revenues a	ind Changes in Ne	
F	Primary Governmer	nt	Component Unit
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Business Improvement District
\$ (611,400) (822,735)	\$ - -	\$ (611,400) (822,735)	\$ - -
(1,175,330) (10,426) (850,092) (99,953)	- - -	(1,175,330) (10,426) (850,092) (99,953)	- - -
(3,672,445)		(3,672,445)	
- - - -	272,873 252,054 (11,885) 50,629	272,873 252,054 (11,885) 50,629	- - - -
	563,671	563,671	
(3,672,445)	563,671	(3,108,774)	
-	-	-	(27,219)
1,140,610	-	1,140,610 -	- 27,219
400,000 529,277 540,500 72,696	- - -	400,000 529,277 540,500 72,696	- - -
822,400 42,537 28,178	44,351 15,071	822,400 86,888 43,249	- - -
3,576,198 630,813	59,422 (630,813)	3,635,620	27,219
534,566	(7,720)	526,846	-
25,387,540 \$ 25,922,106	18,954,850 \$ 18,947,130	\$ 44,869,236	<u> </u>

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2020

	<u>G</u>	eneral Fund	De	ebt Service Fund	_	General Capital Projects Fund		TIF #3 Capital Projects Fund
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	3,349,300	\$	330,995	\$	267,509	\$	1,045,691
Receivables (net):		1 205 425		440,000		EE4 240		240 205
Taxes Accounts		1,205,435 87,886		410,000		551,310		348,305
Special assessments		07,000		_		11,068		_
Loans		113,212		_		11,000		_
Due from other governments		45,008		_		40,556		_
Due from other funds		665,585		-		-		-
Other assets		<u> </u>			_	567,574		
Total assets	\$	5,466,426	\$	740,995	\$	1,438,017	\$	1,393,996
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	116,029	\$	-	\$	20,251	\$	5,788
Accrued liabilities		19,346		-		-		-
Due to other funds								
Total liabilities		135,375				20,251		5,788
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unearned revenues		1,152,522		410,000		551,310		348,305
Unavailable revenues		113,211				619,198		<u> </u>
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,265,733		410,000		1,170,508		348,305
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		24,743		-		-		-
Restricted		280,714		14,515		-		1,039,903
Assigned		1,638,071		316,480		247,258		-
Unassigned (deficit)		2,121,790	_	<u>-</u>	_			<u> </u>
Total fund balances	_	4,065,318		330,995		247,258		1,039,903
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	Φ.	F 400 400	Φ.	740.005	•	4 400 047	Φ.	4 000 000
resources and fund balances	\$	5,466,426	\$	740,995	\$	1,438,017	\$	1,393,996

	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	_	Total
\$	398,658	\$	5,392,153
	207,759		2,722,809 87,886 11,068
	657,301		770,513
	-		85,564
	_		665,585
	_		567,574
\$	1,263,718	\$	10,303,152
	, ,	=	, ,
\$		\$	142,068
Ψ	_	Ψ	19,346
	30,055		30,055
			,
	30,055		191,469
	207,759		2,669,896
	657,301		1,389,710
	865,060		4,059,606
	000,000		1,000,000
			04.740
	200 650		24,743
	398,658		1,733,790 2,201,809
	(30,055)		2,201,809
	(00,000)	_	2,001,100
	368,603		6,052,077
\$	1,263,718	\$	10,303,152

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2020

Total Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	\$	6,052,077
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:		
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. See Note 3.		21,216,183
The net pension asset does not relate to current financial resources and is not reported in the governmental funds.		306,810
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.		701,273
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.		(929,589)
Special assessments, loans and some other assets are reported as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements but recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide financial statements. These types of unavailable revenues at year-end consist of:		
Notes receivable		770,512
Other assets held for sale		567,574
Special assessments		51,624
Some liabilities, including long-term debt, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Bonds and notes payable		(2,553,851)
Vested compensated absences Accrued interest		(119,406)
Landfill post closure costs		(89,101) (52,000)
Editatiii poot oloodo	-	(02,000)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	25,922,106

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2020

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	General Capital Projects Fund	TIF #3 Capital Projects Fund
Revenues Taxes Intergovernmental Licenses and permits Fines, forfeitures and penalties Public charges for services Special assessments Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 1,213,306 1,530,505 24,609 12,742 53,959 457 39,019 285,300	\$ 400,000 - - - - - 3,270	\$ 540,500 11,256 - - - - - 16,525	\$ 348,446 9,966 - - - - - -
Total revenues	3,159,897	403,270	568,281	358,412
Expenditures Current: General government Public safety Public works Health and human services Culture, recreation and education Conservation and development Capital Outlay Debt Service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	691,961 748,839 1,103,859 10,426 856,359 120,654 6,754	720,460 20,689 741,149	438,311 - 438,311 - 129,970	916,755 - 916,755 - 916,755
Other Financing Sources Debt issued Transfers in Transfers out Sale of property and equipment Total other financing sources Net change in fund balances	638,243 (168,732) 1,280 470,791 91,836	(337,879)	168,732 (7,430) ————————————————————————————————————	(558,343)
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning	3,973,482	668,874	(44,014)	1,598,246
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 4,065,318	\$ 330,995	\$ 247,258	\$ 1,039,903

Gov	onmajor ernmental Funds	Total
\$	180,831 3,767 - -	\$ 2,683,083 1,555,494 24,609 12,742 53,959 457
	248	42,537
	89,325	 391,150
	274,171	 4,764,031
	- - - - 183,358	691,961 748,839 1,103,859 10,426 856,359 1,220,767 445,065
	129,635 12,124	 850,095 32,813
	325,117	5,960,184
	(50,946)	 (1,196,153)
	165,000 - - -	165,000 806,975 (176,162) 1,280
	165,000	 797,093
	114,054	(399,060)
	254,549	 6,451,137
\$	368,603	\$ 6,052,077

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended December 31, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances, Total G	overnmental Funds
--------------------------------------	-------------------

(399,060)

117,757

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of net

position the cost of these assets is capitalized and they are depreciated over their	
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense in the statement of activities.	
Capital outlay is capitalized in the government-wide statements	445,065
Some capital outlay is not capitalized in the government-wide statements	(72,595)
Some functional expenditures were capitalized in the government-wide statements	1,005,506
Depreciation is reported in the government-wide statements	(1,024,534)

Contributed capital assets are reported as revenues in the government-wide financial statements. 26,700

Receivables not currently available are reported as revenue when collected or currently available in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide financial statements.

Special assessments (7,670)

Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

Debt issued (165,000)
Principal repaid 850,092

Governmental funds report debt premiums and discounts as other financing sources (uses) or financing sources or uses. However, in the statement of net position, these are reported as additions to or deductions from long-term debt. These are allocated over the period the debt is outstanding in the statement of activities and are reported as interest expense.

Change in accrued interest payable	(69,693)
Change in landfill post closure liability	4,000
Change in vested compensated absences liability	(21,467)
Change in net pension liability and related pension deferred outflows/inflows of resources	(44,268)

Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. New loans and other receivables recognized as expenditures on fund statements

Repayment of principal on loans, notes, and other receivables recognized as revenue on fund statements

Write off of loans determined to be uncollectible

(93,121)

(17,146)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 534,566

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2020

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Electric Utility	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Ambulance	Total
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 820,628	\$ 1,107,315	\$ 251,195	\$ 1,530,231	\$ 3,709,369
Receivables (net):	,	, , , , , , ,	,	, , , , , , , ,	, -,,
Accounts	598,705	109,662	131,439	400,308	1,240,114
Interest	4,063	1,334	-	-	5,397
Other	15,719	-	_	_	15,719
Prepaids items and inventories	193,403	33,125	12,891	_	239,419
Restricted assets:	,	,	,		===,
Redemption account	88,130	29,631	83,262		201,023
Total current assets	1,720,648	1,281,067	478,787	1,930,539	5,411,041
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted assets:					
Reserve account	798,689		- 	-	798,689
Construction account	2,352,149	1,217,790	645,006	-	4,214,945
Replacement account	-	6,034	402,191	-	408,225
Net pension asset	188,795	42,988	42,230	65,839	339,852
Capital assets:					
Construction in progress	260,707	13,419	-	-	274,126
Plant in service	22,127,725	11,015,988	5,535,615	1,186,078	39,865,406
Less Accumulated					
depreciation	(8,987,514)	(4,263,865)	(2,965,188)	(619,655)	(16,836,222)
Other assets:					
Property held for future use	78,993				78,993
Total noncurrent assets	16,819,544	8,032,354	3,659,854	632,262	29,144,014
Total accepts	10 540 100	0 242 424	4 420 G44	2 562 901	24 555 055
Total assets	18,540,192	9,313,421	4,138,641	2,562,801	34,555,055
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred charge on refunding	63,869	30,756	_	_	94,625
Pension related amounts	412,797	107,092	96,679	172,808	789,376
Total deferred outflows of					
resources	476,666	137,848	96,679	172,808	884,001
100041000	,500	,	22,310	,500	55.,561

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Electric Utility	Water Utility	Sewer Utility		Total
l inhilliator					
Liabilities Current liabilities:					
	\$ 338,646	φ	¢	ф <u>25.200</u>	ф <u>ЭСЭ ОЕ</u> Л
Accounts payable		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,208	\$ 363,854
Deposits Other deferred credits	46,907	-	-	-	46,907
Due to other funds	11,558 348,041	185,462	51,512	50,515	11,558 635,530
Accrued interest	1,355		31,312	50,515	
	36,527	2,617	9 024	-	3,972
Accrued liabilities	30,327	8,018	8,034	-	52,579
Current portion of general	14 650	116,705			121 262
obligation debt	14,658	110,705	-	-	131,363
Current portion of revenue	00.000		407.050		455.050
bonds	28,000	-	127,053	-	155,053
Current portion of vested				40.404	40.404
compensated absences	=	-	-	12,191	12,191
Current Liabilities Payable from					
Restricted Assets					
Current portion of revenue		~=			
bonds	475,231	25,414	-	-	500,645
Accrued interest	25,392	739	3,188		29,319
Total current liabilities	1,326,315	338,955	189,787	87,914	1,942,971
rotal carrent habilities	1,020,010		100,101	07,011	1,012,011
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Long-term debt:					
General obligation debt	30,634	345,814	_	_	376,448
Unamortized debt premium	129,519	_	_	_	129,519
Customer advances for	-,-				-,-
construction	7,013	_	_	_	7,013
Revenue bonds	9,833,134	1,676,364	1,391,781	_	12,901,279
Vested compensated	-,,	, ,	,, -		,, -
absences	58,381	30,640	26,211	4,064	119,296
Total noncurrent liabilities	10,058,681	2,052,818	1,417,992	4,064	13,533,555
rotal honourent habilities	10,000,001	2,002,010	1,111,002	1,001	10,000,000
Total liabilities	11,384,996	2,391,773	1,607,779	91,978	15,476,526
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
	561,874	100 605	124 507	205 224	1 015 400
Pension related amounts	301,074	123,685	124,507	205,334	1,015,400
Total deferred inflows of					
	561,874	123,685	124,507	205,334	1,015,400
resources	301,074	120,000	124,507	200,004	1,010,400
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	5,861,680	5,932,310	1,696,599	566,423	14,057,012
Restricted for:	3,001,000	3,332,310	1,090,099	300,423	14,037,012
Debt and equipment					
	305 507	34 026	192 265		922 609
replacement Pension	305,507 188 705	34,926 42,988	482,265 42,230	65,839	822,698 339,852
	188,795 714,006				
Unrestricted	714,006	925,587	281,940	1,806,035	3,727,568
Total net position	\$ 7,069,988	\$ 6,935,811	\$ 2,503,034	\$ 2,438,297	\$ 18,947,130

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Electric Utility	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Ambulance	Total
Operating Revenues	\$ 6,122,553	\$ 1,039,042	\$ 897,713	\$ 961,287	\$ 9,020,595
Operating Expenses Operation and maintenance Depreciation Amortization	5,011,604 597,790 6,000	479,059 236,376	674,921 185,820	813,204 94,864 	6,978,788 1,114,850 6,000
Total operating expenses	5,615,394	715,435	860,741	908,068	8,099,638
Operating income (loss)	507,159	323,607	36,972	53,219	920,957
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Investment income Interest expense	12,537 (387,772)	6,985 (49,739)	3,957 (48,857)	20,872	44,351 (486,368)
IRS Build America Bond interest subsidy Amortization Miscellaneous revenue Miscellaneous expenses	31,893 2,639 3,650 (2,869)	(7,689) 22	(+0,007) - - -	- - 11,399	31,893 (5,050) 15,071 (2,869)
Loss on disposal of capital assets		(14,125)		(2,590)	(16,715)
Miscellaneous expense	(339,922)	(64,546)	(44,900)	29,681	(419,687)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	167,237	259,061	(7,928)	82,900	501,270
Contributions and Transfers Capital contributions Transfers out	121,823 (381,694)	- (193,061)	- (56,058)		121,823 (630,813)
Total contributions and transfers	(259,871)	(193,061)	(56,058)		(508,990)
Change in net position	(92,634)	66,000	(63,986)	82,900	(7,720)
Net Position, Beginning	7,162,622	6,869,811	2,567,020	2,355,397	18,954,850
Net Position, Ending	\$ 7,069,988	\$ 6,935,811	\$ 2,503,034	\$ 2,438,297	\$ 18,947,130

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2020

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Electric Utility	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Ambulance	Total
Cook Flows From Operating					
Cash Flows From Operating Activities					
Received from customers	\$ 6,026,534	\$ 1,020,879	\$ 877,615	\$ 962,233	\$ 8,887,261
Cash received from City	56,924	-	-	-	56,924
Paid to suppliers for goods and					
services	(4,178,619)	(245,637)	(444,638)	(277,491)	(5,146,385)
Paid to employees for services	(749,678)	(207,601)	(210,888)	(530,457)	(1,698,624)
Net cash flows from					
operating activities	1,155,161	567,641	222,089	154,285	2,099,176
Cash Flows From Investing Activities					
Marketable securities sold	34,273	707,151	167,304	400,000	1,308,728
Marketable securities purchased	(243,707)	(511,901)	(169,920)	3,691	(921,837)
Investment income	12,544	7,610	3,957	20,872	44,983
Net cash flows from					
investing activities	(196,890)	202,860	1,341	424,563	431,874
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities					
Paid to municipality for tax	(200,004)	(400,400)	(50.045)		(004.044)
equivalent Transfers in (out)	(382,894)	(189,102)	(59,345)	-	(631,341)
Advances repaid	(4,240) (67,080)	(21,993)	(20,894)	-	(4,240) (109,967)
Interest paid on advances	(1,994)	(654)	(571)		(3,219)
Net cash flows from					
noncapital financing					
activities	(456,208)	(211,749)	(80,810)		(748,767)
Cash Flows From Capital and					
Related Financing Activities					
Debt retired	(469,000)	(146,055)	(124,117)	-	(739,172)
Interest paid	(396,288)	(50,514)	(49,396)	-	(496,198)
Proceeds from debt issue	2,705,000	1,318,000	710,000	-	4,733,000
Capital contributions	528,327	-	-	-	528,327
Acquisition and construction of	(545.204)	(454.400)	(F. 07C)	(70.040)	(747.077)
capital assets Interest rebate received on	(515,301)	(154,188)	(5,876)	(72,612)	(747,977)
bonds	31,953	_	_	_	31,953
Premium on debt issued	39,256	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	39,256
Payments on line of credit	(313,400)				(313,400)
Net cash flows from					
capital and related					
financing activities	1,610,547	967,243	530,611	(72,612)	3,035,789
Net change in cash and	2 112 610	1 525 005	672 221	506 226	4 010 0 7 2
cash equivalents	2,112,610	1,525,995	673,231	506,236	4,818,072
Cash and Cash Equivalents,	1,188,508	283,942	538,503	402,161	2,413,114
Beginning	1,100,500	203,942		<u>40∠,101</u>	2,413,114
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$ 3,301,118	\$ 1,809,937	\$ 1,211,734	\$ 908,397	\$ 7,231,186

				Rusiness-Tvn	ΔΔ	ctivities - Ent	orni	risa Funds		
	Ele	ectric Utility		ater Utility		ewer Utility	_	Ambulance		Total
Reconciliation of Operating										
Income to Net Cash Flows										
From Operating Activities	\$	507,159	\$	323,607	\$	36,972	\$	53,219	\$	920,957
Operating income Nonoperating revenue	Φ	781	Φ	323,007 22	Φ	30,912	Φ	11,399	Φ	12,202
Adjustments to reconcile		701		22		_		11,599		12,202
operating income to net cash										
flows from operating										
activities:										
Depreciation and										
amortization		603,790		236,376		185,820		94,864		1,120,850
Depreciation charged to										
other accounts		(1,232)		11,212		(11,212)		-		(1,232)
Changes in assets and										
liabilities:										
Accounts receivable		(20,601)		(21,682)		(3,322)		(10,453)		(56,058)
Other receivables		(3,974)		-		-		-		(3,974)
Inventories		46,003		8,627		-		45.044		54,630
Accounts payable		15,363		(F 0FC)		(2.442)		15,841		31,204
Due to other funds Customer deposits		(15,929)		(5,956)		(3,413)		7,540		(17,758)
Accrued liabilities		5,023		19,699		15,428		(60)		5,023 35,067
Prepayments		1,252		(513)		(3,483)		(00)		(2,744)
Pension related deferrals		1,202		(313)		(3,403)		_		(2,177)
and liability		9,002		(3,751)		5,299		(18,065)		(7,515)
Other current liabilities		8,524		(0,101)		-		-		8,524
										_
Net cash flows from	Φ	4 455 404	Φ.	507.044	Φ.	000 000	Φ	454.005	Φ.	0.000.470
operating activities	\$	1,155,161	\$	567,641	\$	222,089	\$	154,285	\$	2,099,176
Reconciliation of Cash and										
Cash Equivalents to the										
Statement of Net Position,										
Proprietary Funds										
Cash and investments	\$	820,628	\$	1,107,315	\$	251,195	\$	1,530,231	\$	3,709,369
Restricted cash and										
investments		-		-		-		-		-
Redemption account		88,130		29,631		83,262		-		201,023
Reserve account		798,689		-		-		-		798,689
Replacement account		-		6,034		402,191		-		408,225
Construction account		2,352,149		1,217,790		645,006	_			4,214,945
Total cash and										
investments		4,059,596		2,360,770		1,381,654		1,530,231		9,332,251
		(750 470)		(FF0 000)		(400.000)		(004.004)		(0.404.005)
Less noncash equivalents		(758,478)		(550,833)	_	(169,920)	_	(621,834)		(2,101,065)
Cash and cash	_		_		_		_		_	
equivalents	\$	3,301,118	\$	1,809,937	\$	1,211,734	\$	908,397	\$	7,231,186

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds
December 31, 2020

	Custodial Funds
Assets Cash and investments Taxes receivable	\$ 1,267,823
Total assets	4,026,547
Liabilities Due to other taxing units	4,026,547
Total liabilities	4,026,547
Net Position	
Total net position	<u>\$</u>

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Custodial Funds
Additions Contributions: Property taxes collected for other governments License and registration fees collected for other governments	\$ 2,410,932 134,553
Total contributions	2,545,485
Total additions	2,545,485
Deductions Property taxes distributed to other governments License and registration fees distributed to other governments	2,410,932 134,553
Total deductions	2,545,485
Change in fiduciary net position	-
Net Position, Beginning	
Net Position, Ending	<u>\$</u>

Index to Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

		Page
4	Summary of Significant Associating Policies	10
1.	Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	19
	Reporting Entity	19
	Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements	20
	Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation	22
	Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and	
	Net Position or Equity	23
	Deposits and Investments	23
	Receivables	24
	Inventories and Prepaid Items	25
	Restricted Assets	25
	Capital Assets	25
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	26
	Compensated Absences	26 26
	Long-Term Obligations Deferred Inflows of Resources	20 27
	Equity Classifications	27 27
	Pension	28
	Basis for Existing Rates	29
	Other Assets	28
	Other Deferred Credits	29
	Carlot Bolottod Croate	20
2.	Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability	29
	Budgetary Information	29
	Excess Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Over Appropriations	29
	Deficit Balances	29
	Limitations on the City's Tax Levy	29
3.	Detailed Notes on All Funds	30
	Deposits and Investments	30
	Receivables	31
	Restricted Assets	31
	Capital Assets	33
	Interfund Receivables/Payables and Transfers	37
	Long-Term Obligations	38
	Closure and Postclosure Care Cost	42
	Net Position/Fund Balances	43
	Component Unit	44
4 .	Other Information	44
	Employees' Retirement System	44
	Risk Management	49
	Commitments and Contingencies	50
	Joint Ventures	51
	Subsequent Events	51
	Economic Dependency	52
	Effect of New Accounting Standards on Current-Period Financial Statements	52

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the City of Black River Falls, Wisconsin (the City) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Reporting Entity

This report includes all of the funds of the City. The reporting entity for the City consists of the primary government and its component unit. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The primary government is financially accountable if (1) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on that organization, (2) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government, (3) the organization is fiscally dependent on and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Certain legally separate, tax exempt organizations should also be reported as a component unit if all of the following criteria are met: (1) the economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units or its constituents; (2) the primary government or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization and (3) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the primary government.

Component units are reported using one of three methods, discrete presentation, blended or fiduciary. Generally, component units should be discretely presented in a separate column in the financial statements. A component unit should be reported as part of the primary government using the blending method if it meets any one of the following criteria: (1) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and a financial benefit or burden relationship exists, (2) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit, (3) the component unit serves or benefits, exclusively or almost exclusively, the primary government rather than its citizens or (4) the total debt of the component unit will be paid entirely or almost entirely from resources of the primary government.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Business Improvement District of the City of Black River Falls

The government-wide financial statements include the Business Improvement District of the City of Black River Falls (BID) as a component unit. The BID is a legally separate organization. The board of the BID is appointed by the mayor and approved by the City Council of the City of Black River Falls. Wisconsin Statutes provide for circumstances whereby the City can impose its will on the BID, and also create a potential financial benefit to or burden on the City. See Note 3. As a component unit, the BID's financial statements have been presented as a discrete column in the financial statements. The information presented is for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. The BID does not issue separate financial statements.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The City does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the City are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balance, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

Funds are organized as major funds or nonmajor funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. The same element of the individual governmental or enterprise fund that met the 10 percent test is at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the City believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

General Fund accounts for the City's primary operating activities. It is used to account for and report all financial resources except those accounted for and reported in another fund.

Debt Service Funds

Debt Service Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs, other than TID or enterprise fund debt.

Capital Projects Funds

General Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities.

Tax Incremental District (TID) No. 3 Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures outlined in the TID project plan.

Enterprise Funds

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Electric Utility accounts for operations of the electric system

Water Utility accounts for operations of the water system

Sewer Utility accounts for operations of the sewer system

Ambulance Fund accounts for operations of the city's ambulance service

The City reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes (other than debt service or capital projects).

Revolving Housing Fund Affordable Housing Fund

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

TIF #4

TIF #5

TIF #6

TIF #7

In addition, the City reports the following fund type:

Custodial Funds

Custodial Funds are used to account for and report assets controlled by the City and the assets are for the benefit of individuals, private organizations and/or other governmental units.

Tax Collection Fund License & Registration Collection Fund

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's electric, water and sewer utilities and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and deferred inflows. They are recognized as revenues in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the City is entitled the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the City which are not available are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues. Amounts received before eligibility requirements (excluding time requirements) are met are recorded as liabilities. Amounts received in advance of meeting time requirements are recorded as deferred inflows.

Special assessments are recorded as revenues when they become measurable and available as current assets. Annual installments due in future years are reflected as receivables and unavailable revenues.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services, special assessments and interest. Other general revenues such as fines and forfeitures, inspection fees, recreation fees and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available under the criteria described above.

Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described previously in this note.

The proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the electric, water, and sewer utilities and ambulance service are charges to customers for sales and services. Special assessments are recorded as receivables and contribution revenue when levied. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

All Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

Investment of City funds is restricted by Wisconsin state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- a. Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company.
- b. Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town or school district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, a local professional baseball park district, a local professional football stadium district, a local cultural arts district, the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority or the Wisconsin Aerospace Authority.
- c. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- d. The local government investment pool.
- e. Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- f. Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- g. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

The City has adopted an investment policy. That policy follows the state statute for allowable investments, but also considers commercial paper (rated in the highest tier by a nationally recognized rating agency) and securities having any of the three highest rating categories (rated by any rating agency) as allowable investments.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Investment income on commingled investments of municipal accounting funds is allocated to the general fund. The difference between the bank statement balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

The Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF) and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At December 31, 2020, the fair value of the City 's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the amount as reported in these statements.

See Note 3. for further information.

Receivables

Property taxes are levied in December on the assessed value as of the prior January 1. In addition to property taxes for the City, taxes are collected for and remitted to the state and county governments as well as the local school district and technical college district. Taxes for all state and local governmental units billed in the current year for the succeeding year are reflected as receivables and due to other taxing units on the accompanying statement of fiduciary net position.

Property tax calendar - 2020 tax roll:

Lien date and levy date

Tax bills mailed

Payment in full, or

First installment due

Second installment due

Personal property taxes in full

Tax sale - 2020 delinquent real estate taxes

December 2020

January 31, 2021

July 31, 2021

January 31, 2021

January 31, 2021

January 31, 2021

October 2023

Accounts receivable have been shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Delinquent real estate taxes as of July 31 are paid in full by the County, which assumes the collection thereof. No provision for uncollectible accounts receivable has been made for the City's electric, water or sewer utilities because they have the right by law to place substantially all delinquent bills on the tax roll, and other delinquent bills are generally not significant.

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as due to and from other funds. Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as advances from and to other funds. Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

The City has received grant funds for economic development and housing rehabilitation loan programs to various businesses and individuals. The City records a loan receivable when the loan has been made and funds have been disbursed. The amount recorded as housing rehabilitation loans receivable has been reduced by an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$75,532.

It is the City's policy to record unavailable revenue for the net amount of the receivable balance. As loans are repaid, revenue is recognized. When new loans are made from the repayments, expenditures are recorded. Interest received from loan repayments is recognized as revenue when received in cash. Any unspent loan repayments at year end are presented as restricted fund balance in the fund financial statements.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Governmental fund inventory items are charged to expenditure accounts when purchased. Yearend inventory was not significant. Proprietary fund inventories are generally used for construction and/or for operation and maintenance work. They are not for resale. They are valued at cost based on lower of cost or market utilizing the average cost method and charged to construction and/or operation and maintenance expense when used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified. The excess of restricted assets over current liabilities payable from restricted assets will be used first for retirement of related long-term debt. The remainder, if generated from earnings, is shown as restricted net position.

Capital Assets

Government-Wide Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 for general capital assets and \$25,000 for infrastructure assets and \$1,000 for utility capital assets and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual amounts are unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Prior to January 2004, infrastructure assets of governmental funds were not capitalized. Upon implementing GASB No. 34, governmental units are required to account for all capital assets, including infrastructure, in the government-wide statements prospectively from the date of implementation. Retroactive reporting of all major general infrastructure assets is encouraged but GASB No. 34 does not require the City to retroactively report all major general infrastructure assets. As of December 31, 2020, the City has not retroactively reported any infrastructure.

Additions to and replacements of capital assets of business-type activities are recorded at original cost, which includes material, labor and overhead. The cost of renewals and betterments relating to retirement units is added to plant accounts. The cost of property replaced, retired or otherwise disposed of, is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with removal costs less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Land Improvements	15-30	Years
Buildings	30-50	Years
Machinery and Equipment	3-20	Years
Infrastructure	20-50	Years
Utility System	4-77	Years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that future time.

A deferred charge on refunding arises from the advance refunding of debt. The difference between the cost of the securities placed in trust for future payments of the refunded debt and the net carrying value of that debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the shorter of the term of the refunding issue or the original term of the refunded debt. The unamortized amount is reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

Compensated Absences

Under terms of employment, employees are granted sick leave, vacation, and compensation time in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements.

All vested vacation and sick leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements, and are payable with expendable resources.

Payments for vacation and sick leave will be made at rates in effect when the benefits are used. Accumulated vacation and sick leave liabilities at December 31, 2020, are determined on the basis of current salary rates and include salary related payments.

Long-Term Obligations

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist primarily of notes and bonds payable, accrued compensated absences, and landfill post-closure liability.

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face value of debts (plus any premiums) are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same as it is in the government-wide statements.

For the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements, bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the issue using the effective interest method. The balance at year end is shown as an increase or decrease in the liability section of the statement of net position.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent debt proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. *Unrestricted net position* All other net positions that do not meet the definitions of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Statements

Governmental fund balances are displayed as follows:

- a. Nonspendable Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because legal or contractual requirements require them to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by
 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. Fund balance amounts are committed through a formal action (resolution) of the City Council. This formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, but the amount of the commitment, which will be subject to the constraints, may be determined in the subsequent period. Any changes to the constraints imposed require the same formal action of the City Council that originally created the commitment.

- d. Assigned Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The City Council may take official action to assign amounts. Assignments may take place after the end of the reporting period.
- e. Unassigned Includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which
 has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund
 balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures
 exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those purposes.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

See Note 3. for further information.

Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset (liability), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Basis for Existing Rates

Current electric rates were approved by the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin and placed into effect by the utility on June 28, 2016.

Current water rates were approved by the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin and placed into effect by the utility on December 26, 2019.

Current sewer rates were approved by the utility commission on February 25, 2013.

Current ambulance rates became effective as follows:

<u>Rate</u>	<u>Date Adopted</u>
BLS Base Rate	December 19, 2018
ALS Base Rate	December 19, 2018
BLS Mileage Rate	May 18, 2016
ALS Mileage Rate	May 18, 2016

Other Assets

The balance in the General Capital Projects fund represents the value of land in the Lallalapalooza development that the City has listed for sale. The City received the property in a settlement of unpaid special assessments.

The balance in the electric utility represents \$78,993 for land purchased as the site for a future utility office building.

Other Deferred Credits

The electric utility charges fees to all customers as required by the 1999 Energy Reliability Act and 2006 Act 141. Revenues generated from the fees are used to fund energy conservation and low-income energy assistance (Commitment to Community) programs. The utility is acting as an agent administering the program so net collections and expenditures/remittances associated with the program are recorded as a current liability on the statement of net position.

2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Information

A budget has been adopted for the general fund, debt service fund, and general capital projects fund. A budget has not been formally adopted for any of the City's other funds. Wisconsin Statute 65.90 requires that an annual budget be adopted for all funds.

Excess Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Over Appropriations

Fund	Budgeted Expenditures		Actual Expenditures		Excess Expenditures Over Budget	
General Fund Debt Service	\$ 2,982,332 400,000	\$	3,114,659 741,149	\$	132,327 341,149	

The City controls expenditures at the department level. Some individual departments experienced expenditures which exceeded appropriations. The detail of those items can be found in the City's year-end budget to actual report.

Deficit Balances

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure of individual funds that have deficit balances at year end.

As of December 31, 2020, the following individual funds held a deficit balance:

Fund	 Amount	Reason			
TIF #5 TIF #7	\$,	Expenditures in excess of revenues Expenditures in excess of revenues			

TIF district deficits are anticipated to be funded with future incremental taxes levied over the life of the districts, which is 27 years for the districts created before October 1, 1995, and 23 years for districts created thereafter through September 30, 2004. Beginning October 1, 2004, the life of new districts varies by type of district (20-27 years) and may be extended in some cases.

Limitations on the City's Tax Levy

Wisconsin law limits the City's future tax levies. Generally the City is limited to its prior tax levy dollar amount (excluding TIF Districts), increased by the greater of the percentage change in the City's equalized value due to new construction or zero percent. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit with certain exceptions. The City is required to reduce its allowable levy by the estimated amount of fee revenue it collects for certain services, if those services were funded in 2013 by the property tax levy. Levies can be increased above the allowable limits if the amount is approved by referendum.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

Deposits and Investments

The City's deposits and investments at year end were comprised of the following:

	Carrying Value	Bank and Investment Balances	Associated Risks		
Deposits Money market mutual funds LGIP Petty cash	\$ 11,689,780 4,213,000 89,047 400	\$ 11,897,714 4,213,000 89,056	Custodial credit N/A Credit N/A		
Total deposits and investments	\$ 15,992,227	\$ 16,199,770			
Reconciliation to financial statements					
Per statement of net position Unrestricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Per statement of fiduciary net position Custodial funds	\$ 9,101,522 5,622,882 1,267,823				
Total deposits and investments	\$ 15,992,227				

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit accounts (interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing). In addition, if deposits are held in an institution outside of the state in which the government is located, insured amounts are further limited to a total of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts. Deposits in the credit union are insured by the National Credit Union Administration in the amount of \$250,000 for all share draft accounts and \$250,000 for all share certificate and regular share accounts.

Bank accounts and credit unions are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$400,000. However, due to the nature of this fund, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities. This coverage has been considered in computing custodial credit risk.

The City maintains collateral agreements with its banks. At December 31, 2020, the banks had pledged various government securities in the amount of \$6,816,256 to secure the City's deposits and \$3,572,879 to secure the utilities' deposits.

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to the City.

As of December 31, 2020, \$1,510,686 of the City's total bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Investments

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The City does not have any investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

The City had investments in the external Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool which is not rated.

See Note 1. for further information on deposit and investment policies.

Receivables

All of the receivables on the balance sheet are expected to be collected within one year except for \$91,128 in the general fund, \$51,624 in the general capital projects fund and \$628,546 in nonmajor governmental funds.

Revenues of the ambulance fund are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Total uncollectible amounts related to revenues of the current period are as follows:

Uncollectibles related to revenues of the current period \$ 219,036

Total uncollectibles of the current fiscal year \$ 219,036

Governmental funds report *unavailable* or *unearned revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *unavailable revenue* and *unearned revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

		<u>Unearned</u>	<u>Unavailable</u>	
Property taxes receivable for subsequent year Special assessments, taxes receivable, and due from other	\$	2,669,896	\$	-
governments not yet due		-		51,624
Other assets held for sale		-		567,574
Loans receivable				770,512
Total unearned/unavailable revenue for governmental funds	\$	2,669,896	\$	1,389,710

Restricted Assets

The following represent the balances of the restricted assets:

Long-Term Debt Accounts

Redemption - Used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over the next twelve months.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2020

Reserve - Used to report resources set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in the redemption account.

Construction - Used to report proceeds of revenue bond issuances that are restricted for use in construction.

Equipment Replacement Account

The sewer utility established an equipment replacement account to be used for significant mechanical equipment replacement as required by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources.

Net Pension Asset

Restricted assets have been reported in connection with the net pension asset balance since this balance must be used to fund employee benefits.

Following is a list of restricted assets at December 31, 2020:

Restricted assets:	
Redemption account	\$ 201,023
Reserve account	798,689
Replacement account	408,225
Construction account	4,214,945
Net pension asset	646,662
Total restricted assets	\$ 6,269,544

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2020, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and land improvements Construction in progress	\$ 5,908,492 2,012,266	\$ 52,152 17,564	*	\$ 5,960,644 24,959
Total capital assets not being depreciated	7,920,758	69,716	2,004,871	5,985,603
Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings Machinery and equipment Roads Curb and gutter Storm sewer Sanitary sewer Street lighting Bridges	1,070,449 11,182,229 5,392,117 5,865,775 145,157 478,605 1,014,583 66,219 617,988	22,234 135,264 3,206,700 - - -	- 145,692 - - - - - -	1,070,449 11,204,463 5,381,689 9,072,475 145,157 478,605 1,014,583 66,219 617,988
Total capital assets being depreciated	25,833,122	3,364,198	145,692	29,051,628
Total capital assets	33,753,880	3,433,914	2,150,563	35,037,231
Less accumulated depreciation for: Land improvements Buildings Machinery and equipment Roads Curb and gutter Storm sewer Sanitary sewer Street lighting Bridges	(408,000) (5,482,585) (3,667,993) (2,527,106) (57,381) (206,606) (458,082) (23,566) (86,520)	(46,405) (302,695) (225,619) (381,195) (4,785) (15,756) (33,512) (2,207) (12,360)	- 121,325 - - - - -	(454,405) (5,785,280) (3,772,287) (2,908,301) (62,166) (222,362) (491,594) (25,773) (98,880)
Total accumulated depreciation	(12,917,839)	(1,024,534)	121,325	(13,821,048)
Net capital assets being depreciated	12,915,283	2,339,664	24,367	15,230,580
Total governmental activities capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Depreciation expense was charged to	<u>\$ 20,836,041</u> functions as follows:	\$ 2,409,380 Dws:	\$ 2,029,238	\$ 21,216,183
Governmental Activities General government Public safety Public works Culture, recreation and education Total governmental activities dep	preciation / amortiz	ation expense	\$ 16,081 50,482 589,042 368,929 \$ 1,024,534	

Business-Type Activities

	_	Beginning Balance		Additions	_	Deletions		Ending Balance
Electric Capital assets not being depreciated / amortized:								
Land and land rights	\$	71,257	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	71,257
Construction in progress		117,760	_	670,906	_	527,959	_	260,707
Total capital assets not being depreciated/amortized		189,017	_	670,906		527,959		331,964
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized: Intangible Hydraulic production Other production Transmission Distribution Administrative and general assets		244,513 12,905,499 198,820 361,280 7,242,294 823,575		- - - - 330,127 2,865		- - - 52,505		244,513 12,905,499 198,820 361,280 7,519,916 826,440
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized		21,775,981		332,992		52,505		22,056,468
Total capital assets		21,964,998		1,003,898		580,464		22,388,432
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for: Intangible Hydraulic production Other production Transmission Distribution Administrative and general assets		(130,524) (3,009,235) (198,818) (296,435) (4,231,958) (630,859)		(6,000) (285,264) - (11,369) (257,652) (42,269)		- - - 112,869		(136,524) (3,294,499) (198,818) (307,804) (4,376,741) (673,128)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization		(8,497,829)	_	(602,554)		112,869		(8,987,514)
Net capital assets being depreciated/amortized		13,278,152	_	(269,562)	_	(60,364)		13,068,954
Net electric capital assets	\$	13,467,169	\$	401,344	\$	467,595	\$	13,400,918

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Water				
Capital assets not being depreciated:	¢ 04.479	c	c	¢ 04.479
Land and land rights Construction in progress	\$ 94,478 26,838	\$ - 26,668	\$ - 40,087	\$ 94,478 13,419
Total capital assets not being depreciated	121,316	26,668	40,087	107,897
Capital assets being depreciated: Source of supply Pumping Treatment Transmission and distribution General	621,431 1,810,497 271,161 7,740,144 404,296	- - 6,372 147,651 2,927	- 17,985 64,984 -	621,431 1,810,497 259,548 7,822,811 407,223
Total capital assets being depreciated	10,847,529	156,950	82,969	10,921,510
Total capital assets	10,968,845	183,618	123,056	11,029,407
Less accumulated depreciation for Source of supply Pumping Treatment Transmission and distribution General	(354,427) (1,023,218) (91,200) (2,279,930) (347,003)	(17,759) (62,401) (8,729) (160,551) (12,276)	17,985 75,644	(372,186) (1,085,619) (81,944) (2,364,837) (359,279)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,095,778)	(261,716)	93,629	(4,263,865)
Net capital assets being depreciated	6,751,751	(104,766)	(10,660)	6,657,645
Net water capital assets	\$ 6,873,067	\$ (78,098)	\$ 29,427	\$ 6,765,542
·	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Sewer Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and land rights	\$ 87,044	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 87,044
Total capital assets not being depreciated	87,044			87,044
Capital assets being depreciated: Collecting system pumping Treatment and disposal General	97,228 5,142,351 203,116	- - 5,876	- - -	97,228 5,142,351 208,992
Total capital assets being depreciated	5,442,695	5,876		5,448,571
Total capital assets	5,529,739	5,876		5,535,615
Less accumulated depreciation for: Sewer plant	(2,790,580)	(174,608)		(2,965,188)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,790,580)	(174,608)		(2,965,188)
Net capital assets being depreciated	2,652,115	(168,732)		2,483,383
Net sewer capital assets	\$ 2,739,159	\$ (168,732)	\$ -	\$ 2,570,427

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Additions Deletions	
Ambulance				
Capital assets being depreciated: Machinery and equipment	\$ 1,130,365	\$ 72,612	\$ 16,899	\$ 1,186,078
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,130,365	72,612	16,899	1,186,078
Less accumulated depreciation for: Machinery and equipment	(539,100)	(94,864)	14,309	(619,655)
Total accumulated depreciation	(539,100)	(94,864)	14,309	(619,655)
Net capital assets being depreciated	591,265	(22,252)	2,590	566,423
Net ambulance capital assets	\$ 591,265	\$ (22,252)	\$ 2,590	\$ 566,423
Business-type capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 24,301,519	<u>\$ 174,531</u>	\$ 499,612	\$ 23,976,438
Depreciation expense was charged to	functions as follo	ows:		
Business-Type Activities Electric Water Sewer Ambulance		\$	597,790 236,376 185,820 94,864	
Total business-type activities of expense	depreciation/amo	rtization <u>\$</u>	1,114,850	

Depreciation expense may be different from business-type activity accumulated depreciation additions because of joint metering, salvage, cost of removal, internal allocations, or costs associated with the disposal of assets.

Interfund Receivables/Payables and Transfers

Interfund Receivables/Payables

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables including any overdrafts on pooled cash and investment accounts:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount	_	Amount Not Due Within One Year
General Fund	Electric Utility	\$ 348,041	\$	-
General Fund General Fund	Water Utility Sewer Utility	185,462 51,512		-
General Fund General Fund	Ambulance TIF #5	50,515 10,452		- 7,796
General Fund	TIF #7	 19,603		16,947
Total - Fund Financial	Statements	665,585		
Less fund eliminations		 (30,055)		
Total internal balances position	s, government-wide statement of net	\$ 635,530		

The payables from the electric and water utilities to the general fund are for payments in lieu of taxes. All remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Transfers

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From	. <u> </u>	Amount	Principal Purpose			
General Fund	Electric Litility	ф	4 240	Poturn on City's investment			
	Electric Utility	\$	4,240	Return on City's investment			
General Fund	Electric Utility		377,454	Property tax equivalent			
General Fund	Water Utility		193,061	Property tax equivalent Assist City with cost of maintenance of collection			
General Fund General Capital Projects	Sewer Utility		56,058	system Transfer funds for various			
Fund	General Fund		168,732	capital projects			
	General Capital Projects		,	Fire department capital			
General Fund	Fund	_	7,430	surplus			
Total - Fund Finan	cial Statements		806,975				
Less fund eliminations		_	(176,162)				
Total transfers, go activities	vernment-wide statement of	\$	630,813				

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended December 31, 2020, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance		Amounts Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities Bonds and notes payable: General obligation debt from direct borrowings and direct placements	\$	3,238,943	\$	165,000	\$	850,092	\$	2,553,851	\$	299,960
Subtotal		3,238,943		165,000	_	850,092		2,553,851		299,960
Other liabilities: Vested compensated absences Landfill post-closure liability Net pension liability		97,939 56,000 314,711		129,389 - -		107,922 4,000 314,711		119,406 52,000		89,555 4,000
Total other liabilities	_	468,650	_	129,389	_	426,633	_	171,406		93,555
Total governmental activities long- term liabilities	\$	3,707,593	\$	294,389	\$	1,276,725	\$	2,725,257	\$	393,515
Business-Type Activities Bonds and notes payable: General obligation debt General obligation debt from direct borrowings and direct placements Revenue bonds Revenue debt from direct borrowings and direct placements Line of credit (Discounts)/Premiums	\$	475,000 167,977 3,595,000 5,832,983 313,400 99,289	\$	2,705,000 2,028,000 - 39,256	\$	95,000 40,166 285,000 319,006 313,400 9,026	\$	380,000 127,811 6,015,000 7,541,977 - 129,519	\$	90,000 41,363 380,000 275,698
Subtotal	_	10,483,649		4,772,256	_	1,061,598	_	14,194,307		787,061
Other liabilities: Vested compensated absences Customer advances for construction Net pension liability		96,961 - 395,441		53,104 7,013 -		18,578 - 395,441		131,487 7,013 -		12,191 - -
Total other liabilities	_	492,402		60,117		414,019	_	138,500		12,191
Total business-type activities long- term liabilities	\$	10,976,051	\$	4,832,373	\$	1,475,617	\$	14,332,807	\$	799,252

In accordance with Wisconsin Statutes, total general obligation indebtedness of the City may not exceed 5 percent of the equalized value of taxable property within the City's jurisdiction. The debt limit as of December 31, 2020, was \$13,260,680. Total general obligation debt outstanding at year end was \$3,061,662.

General Obligation Debt

All general obligation notes and bonds payable are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Notes and bonds in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies or tax increments accumulated by the debt service fund. Business-type activities debt is payable by revenues from user fees of those funds or, if the revenues are not sufficient, by future tax levies.

Governmental Activities						Balance
General Obligation Debt	Date of Issue	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Interest Rates	<u>In</u>	Original debtedness	December 31, 2020
Promissory Note	Sep-18	Oct-23	3.67%	\$	359,000	223,851*
State Trust Fund Loan	Dec-19	Mar-29	3.25%		955,000	955,000*
State Trust Fund Loan	Dec-19	Mar-29	4.25%		1,210,000	1,210,000*
Bank Loan	Sept -20	Sept - 24	1.65%		165,000	165,000*

Total governmental activities, general obligation debt

\$ 2,553,851

Business-Type Activities	Date of	Final	Interest	Original		Balance cember 31,
General Obligation Debt	Issue	Maturity	Rates	ebtedness	_	2020
Refunding Bonds	Jun-13	Dec-24	0.5-2.6%	\$ 995,000	\$	380,000
Refunding Note	Feb-18	Feb-23	2.94%	73,000		45,292*
Refunding Note	Feb-18	Feb-23	2.94%	133,000		82,519*

Total business-type activities, general obligation debt

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

			Business-Type Activities General Obligation Debt							
<u>Years</u>		P	rincipal	I	nterest					
2021		\$	90,000	\$	9,150					
2022			90,000		7,170					
2023			100,000		5,100					
2024			100,000		2,600					
	Total	\$	380,000	\$	24,020					

							n Debt From S And Direct	
<u>Years</u>		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026-2030	\$	299,960 331,591 343,231 274,960 241,697 1,062,412	\$	114,698 83,069 71,398 59,459 49,732 103,299	\$	41,363 42,596 43,852 - -	\$	3,810 2,577 1,307 - -
Total	\$	2,553,851	\$	481,655	\$	127,811	\$	7,694

^{\$ 507,811}

^{*} The debt noted is directly placed with a third party.

Revenue Debt

Business-type activities revenue bonds are payable only from revenues derived from the operation of the electric, water and sewer utilities.

The electric utility revenues net of specified operating expenses are pledged as security of the electric revenue bonds until the bonds are defeased. Principal and interest paid for 2020 was \$735,754. Total customer net revenues as defined for 2020 were \$1,155,379. Annual principal and interest payments are expected to require 46 percent of net revenues on average.

The water utility revenues net of specified operating expenses are pledged as security of the water revenue bonds until the bonds are defeased. Principal and interest paid for 2020 was \$29,702. Total customer net revenues as defined for 2020 were \$566,968. Annual principal and interest payments are expected to require 18 percent of net revenues on average.

The sewer utility revenues net of specified operating expenses are pledged as security of the sewer revenue bonds until the bonds are defeased. Principal and interest paid for 2020 was \$144,714. Total customer net revenues as defined for 2020 were \$226,749. Annual principal and interest payments are expected to require 38 percent of net revenues on average.

Revenue debt payable at December 31, 2020, consists of the following:

	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Ind	Original debtedness	De	Balance ecember 31, 2020	
Electric Utility								
Revenue Bond Revenue Bond Revenue Bond Revenue Bond	Dec-10 May-14 Jan-18 Dec-20	Jun-47 Dec-30 Jan-28 Dec-45	3.75% 2.00-5.00% 0.00% 2.00-2.35%	\$	5,000,000 5,045,000 280,000 2,705,000	\$	4,097,365 3,310,000 224,000 2,705,000	*
			Tot	tal E	lectric Utility	\$	10,336,365	
Water Utility								
Revenue Bond Revenue Bond	Dec-14 Dec-20	May-34 May-40	1.16% 1.90%	\$	506,560 1,318,000	\$	383,778 1,318,000	*
Sewer Utility			To	otal	Water Utility	\$	1,701,778	
Revenue Bond Revenue Bond	Oct-06 Dec-20	May-26 May-40	2.37% 1.90%	\$	2,299,337 710,000	\$	808,834 710,000	*
			To	otal :	Sewer Utility		1,518,834	
Total business-type activi	ities, revenu	e debt				\$	13,556,977	

^{*} The debt noted is directly placed with a third party.

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Business-Type Activities

	Revenue Debt				
<u>Years</u>		Principal		Interest	
2024	ф	200 000	Φ	470 400	
2021	\$	380,000	\$	173,190	
2022		385,000		165,378	
2023		390,000		154,678	
2024		405,000		143,828	
2025		415,000		132,578	
2026-2030		2,255,000		459,256	
2031-2035		530,000		171,415	
2036-2040		595,000		115,109	
2041-2045		660,000		46,969	
Total	\$	6,015,000	\$	1,562,401	

Business-Type Activities Revenue Debt from Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements

	i iace	1116	iiio
Principal			Interest
\$	275,698	\$	207,754
	370,600		205,437
	378,714		196,604
	392,047		187,485
	401,603		178,063
	1,483,966		768,002
	1,414,701		582,185
	1,500,703		372,559
	1,079,755		160,245
	244,190		6,979
			_
\$	7,541,977	\$	2,865,313
		\$ 275,698 370,600 378,714 392,047 401,603 1,483,966 1,414,701 1,500,703 1,079,755 244,190	\$ 275,698 \$ 370,600 378,714 392,047 401,603 1,483,966 1,414,701 1,500,703 1,079,755 244,190

Other Debt Information

Estimated payments of compensated absences and landfill post-closure costs are not included in the debt service requirement schedules. The compensated absences and landfill post-closure costs attributable to governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the general fund.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures and loan agreements. The City believes it is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions, including federal arbitrage regulations.

The City's outstanding General Obligation State Trust Fund Loans from direct borrowings and/or direct placements related to governmental activities with balances totaling \$2,165,000, contain provisions that any payments not made by March 30th are delinquent and subject to a penalty of one percent per month. In addition, the Department of Administration shall collect the amount due, including any penalty, by deducting that amount from any state payments due to the City.

The City's remaining General Obligation debt from direct borrowings and/or direct placements related to governmental activities with balances totaling \$388,851, contain provisions that if the City fails to pay any amount due, then the unpaid balance shall, at the option of the lender, without notice, mature and become immediately payable.

The utilities' outstanding debt from direct borrowings and/or direct placements of \$4,097,365, contain a provision that in the event the utilities fail to make a payment when due or fail to comply with any other provisions of the agreement, the lender, at its option, may declare the entire loan balance outstanding immediately due and payable, incur and pay expenses necessary to cure the cause of default (payable from the source of funds pledged to pay the bonds or any other legally permissible source), and/or take possession of the facility.

The utilities' outstanding debt from direct borrowings and/or direct placements of \$1,192,612, contain a provision that in the event the utilities fail to make a payment when due or fail to comply with any other provisions of the financial assistance agreement, the lender may pursue remedies including, but not limited to, deducting amounts from any state payments due to the municipality, declaring the entire balance of the loan immediately due and payable, increasing the interest rate to the market interest rate, and/or appointing a receiver for the benefit of the lender.

The utilities' outstanding debt from direct borrowings and/or direct placements of \$224,000 contain a provision that upon an event of default, all principal outstanding may become immediately due and payable, except that amounts due shall be limited to income and revenues of the system and shall be subject to prior pledges of income and revenues.

The utilities' outstanding debt from direct borrowings and/or direct placements of \$127,811 contain several conditions under which outstanding amounts may mature and become immediately payable, including if the lendor deems itself insecure.

Other Debt

On October 16, 2016, the City, on behalf of the utilities, established a line of credit of \$1,000,000 to finance electric utility repairs. The utilities did not make any new draws in 2020 but did repay the outstanding principal balance of \$313,400. The line of credit, with an interest rate of 2.15%, originally expired on October 16, 2020. The line of credit was renewed during 2020 at the same interest rate and expired on April 16, 2021.

Closure and Postclosure Care Cost

State and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its former landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the City reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$52,000 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at December 31, 2020, represents the total amount needed by the City for postclosure care costs according to state and federal regulations. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Net position reported on the government-wide statement of net position at December 31, 2020, includes the following:

Governmental Activities

Net investment in capital assets:	
Land	\$ 5,960,644
Construction in progress	24,959
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	15,230,580
Less long-term debt outstanding	(2,553,851)
Plus noncapital debt proceeds	 223,851
Total net investment in capital assets	\$ 18,886,183

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2020, include the following:

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	General Capital Projects Fund	TIF #3	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable: Non-current interfunds	\$ 24,743	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u>	\$ 24,743
Subtotal	24,743					24,743
Restricted for: Fair park	159,332	-	-	-	-	159,332
Library TIF project costs Debt service	121,382 -	- - 14,515	-	1,039,903	88,553	121,382 1,128,456 14,515
Loans Affordable housing	- -	14,515	- - -	-	196,035 114,070	196,035 114,070
Subtotal	280,714	14,515		1,039,903	398,658	1,733,790
Assigned to:	504.000					504.000
Superfund Economic development	584,326 573,118	-	-	-	-	584,326 573,118
Fair Park projects	197,373	-	-	-	-	197,373
Lunda Community Park License plates	145,501 38.461	-	-	-	-	145,501 38.461
Taxi services	99,292	-	-	-	-	99,292
Debt service Capital projects	<u> </u>	316,480 	247,258			316,480 247,258
Subtotal	1,638,071	316,480	247,258			2,201,809
Unassigned (deficit):	2,121,790				(30,055)	2,091,735
Total fund balances	\$ 4,065,318	\$ 330,995	\$ 247,258	\$ 1,039,903	\$ 368,603	\$ 6,052,077

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2020

Business-Type Activities

\$ 252,779
274,126
22,776,405
(13,982,269)
(129,519)
94,625
 4,770,865
\$ 14,057,012
\$

Component Unit

BID Improvement District of the City of Black River Falls

This report contains the Business Improvement District of the City of Black River Falls (BID), which is included as a component unit.

In addition to the basic financial statements and the preceding notes to financial statements which apply, the following additional disclosures are considered necessary for a fair presentation.

a. Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

The BID follows the full accrual basis of accounting and the flow of economic resources measurement focus.

b. Receivables

As of December 31, 2020, the BID had unearned revenues of \$30,867 related to property taxes receivable for the subsequent year.

4. Other Information

Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

Vesting

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits Provided

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement participants, if hired on or before 12/31/2016) are entitled to retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their average earnings and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings period. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Post-Retirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
2010	(1.3)%	22.0%
2011	(1.2)	11.0
2012	(7.0)	(7.0)
2013	(9.6)	9.0
2014	4.7	25.0
2015	2.9	2.0
2016	0.5	(5.0)
2017	2.0	4.0
2018	2.4	17.0
2019	0.0	(10.0)

Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees, including Teachers, Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category merged into the General Employee category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$208,179 in contributions from the City.

Contribution rates for the plan year reported as of December 31, 2020 are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (Executives & Elected Officials)	6.55 %	6.55 %
Protective with Social Security	6.55 %	10.55 %
Protective without Social Security	6.55 %	14.95 %

Pension Asset, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2020, the City reported an asset of \$646,662 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018 rolled forward to December 31, 2019. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2019, the City's proportion was 0.02005494 percent, which was an increase of 0.00009386 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2018.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$247,550.

At December 31, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,227,513	\$	614,288
Changes in assumptions		50,392		-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		1,322,009
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,783		8,692
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		210,961		
Total	\$	1,490,649	\$	1,944,989

\$210,961 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:	O Res Defe	Deferred utflows of cources and erred Inflows Resources (net)
2021	\$	(197,303)
2022		(149,257)
2023		21,523
2024		(340,264)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	December 31, 2018
Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset):	December 31, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method:	Fair Value
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	7.0%
Discount Rate:	7.0%
Salary Increases:	
Inflation	3.0%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table
Post-Retirement Adjustments*:	1.9%

^{*} No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.9 percent is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2017. The Total Pension Liability for December 31, 2019 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Core Fund Asset Class	Current Asset Allocation %	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return %	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equities	49 %	8.0 %	5.1 %
Fixed Income	24.5	4.9	2.1
Inflation Sensitive Assets	15.5	4.0	1.2
Real Estate	9	6.3	3.5
Private Equity/Debt	8	10.6	7.6
Multi-Asset	4	6.9	4.0
Total Core Fund	110	7.5	4.6
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S Equities	70	7.5	4.6
International Equities	30	8.2	5.3
Total Variable Fund	100	7.8	4.9

New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.75 percent Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

Single Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.00 percent was used to measure the total pension liability for the current and prior year. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00 percent and a long term bond rate of 2.75 percent. (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2019. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using optionadjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.) Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.00 percent expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.9 percent will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to Discount Rate (6.00%)			Current scount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase to Discount Rate (8.00%)	
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$	(1,665,272)	\$	646,662	\$	2,375,100

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

At December 31, 2020, the City reported a payable to the pension plan which represents contractually required contributions outstanding as of the end of the year.

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation; and health care of its employees. All of these risks are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance, with minimal deductibles. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

Public Entity Risk Pool

Self Insurance

The utilities are partially self-insured for health insurance claims. The utilities purchase a commercial health insurance policy with a \$3,000 deductible for single and \$6,000 deductible for family coverage. Employees are responsible for 12% of the premiums. The amount is taken as a payroll deduction. Single plan deductions are \$50.13 per pay period for an annual maximum of \$1,303.37. Family plans have a \$114.19 per pay period deduction with an annual maximum deduction of \$2,968.82. The utilities have developed a health insurance plan and has hired a third party administrator to process claims.

A liability for a claim is established if information indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss is reasonably estimable. Liabilities do not include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported as these were likely to be immaterial. The utilities do not allocate overhead costs or other nonincremental costs to the claims liability. Claims payable at the beginning and end of 2020 were \$0. Claims incurred and paid during 2020 were \$64,958.

The utilities are also self-insured for unemployment compensation obligations as permitted under Wisconsin Statutes. Annual expenditures by the utilities for claims during 2020 were not significant. The utilities are self-insured for boiler and machinery insurance as well.

Commitments and Contingencies

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. The liability band expenditure for claims and judgments are only reported in governmental funds if it has matured. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.

From time to time, the City is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the City attorney that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position or results of operations.

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

The City has active construction projects as of December 31, 2020. Work that has been completed on these projects but not yet paid for (including contract retainages) is reflected as accounts payable and expenditures.

Long-Term Contracts, WPPI Energy

The electric utility is one of 51 WPPI Energy member municipalities located throughout the States of Wisconsin, Michigan and Iowa. On December 1, 1989, each initial WPPI Energy member commenced purchasing electric service from WPPI Energy under a long-term Power Supply Contract for Participating Members (long-term contract). Under the long-term contract, WPPI Energy is obligated to provide and sell, and each member is obligated to take and pay for, the electric power and energy required for the operation of each member's electric utility.

The long-term contract requires all WPPI Energy members to pay for power and energy requirements supplied or made available by WPPI Energy at rates sufficient to cover WPPI Energy's revenue requirement including power supply costs, administrative expenses and debt service. WPPI Energy's subsequent year's operating budget and rates are approved annually by its Board of Directors, consisting of representatives from each member. The members have agreed to charge rates to retail customers sufficient to meet their WPPI Energy obligations. The long-term contract provides that all payments to WPPI Energy constitute operating expenses of the utility payable from any operating and maintenance fund established for that system.

Fifty members, representing approximately 99.8 percent of WPPI Energy's existing load, have long-term contracts through December 31, 2055. The remaining member has a long-term contract through December 31, 2037.

WPPI Energy's outstanding debt service obligation to be paid by its members through their wholesale power charges through the remainder of the long-term contract was \$305 million as of December 31, 2020.

Joint Ventures

Black River Falls Rural Fire Department

The City of Black River Falls and the townships of Alma, Adams, Albion, Irving, Brockway, Manchester, Komensky, and Millston jointly operate the local fire department, which is called the Black River Falls Rural Fire Department (department) and provides fire service. The townships share in the operation of the department on a mill-rate formula based on the latest aggregate full value of the townships. The City of Black River Falls agrees to provide adequate housing for the fire apparatus and pay 12% of the operating budget per year.

The governing body is made up of citizens from each community. Local representatives are appointed by the Mayor of the City of Black River Falls and the Chairperson of each township. The governing body has authority to adopt its own budget and control the financial affairs of the department. The City is obligated by the joint venture agreement to remit an amount annually to the department. The City made a payment to the department of \$11,394 in 2020.

Financial information of the department was not available as of December 31, 2020...

The City does not have an equity interest in the department.

Black River Falls Area Airport

The City of Black River Falls and Jackson County jointly operate the local airport, which is called the Black River Falls Area Airport (airport) and provides airport service.

The governing body is made up of elected officials appointed by the Mayor and County Board Chairperson. The governing body has authority to adopt its own budget and control the financial affairs of the airport. The City is obligated by the joint venture agreement to remit an amount annually to the department. The City made a payment to the airport of \$12,500 in 2020.

Summary financial information of the airport as of December 31, 2020 is available from the City Clerk's office at 101 S. 2nd Street, Black River Falls, WI 54615.

The transactions of the airport are not reflected in these financial statements.

The City reports the airport capital assets on the statement of net position.

Subsequent Events

On March 3, 2021, the City issued \$1,990,000 of general obligation promissory notes for the purpose of redeeming the 2022 through 2029 maturities of the \$955,000 State Trust Fund Loan, Series 2019A and \$1,210,000 State Trust Fund Loan, Series 2019B. Payments of principal and interest at 1.725% are payable 2022 through 2029. The City also utilized \$291,428 of funds from the debt service fund for this refunding transaction.

The federal government passed the American Rescue Plan Act on March 11, 2021 to respond to the COVID-19 public health emergency and its negative economic impacts. Amounts were appropriated for fiscal year 2021 to units of local government to mitigate the fiscal effects stemming from the public health emergency. The City's estimated award is \$340,000, which will be used to combat the negative effects of the public health emergency in the local economy. The City will receive 50% of the funds in 2021, with the remaining expected a year later. The funds must be committed by December 31, 2024, with a deadline to expend funds of December 31, 2026.

Economic Dependency

Sewer Utility

The sewer utility has one significant customer who was responsible for 26 percent of operating revenues in 2020.

Effect of New Accounting Standards on Current-Period Financial Statements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- Statement No. 87, Leases
- Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations
- Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates
- Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements
- Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements
- Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund (Non-GAAP) Year Ended December 31, 2020

		riginal and nal Budget		Actual		ance with al Budget
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	1,025,685	\$	1,043,837	\$	18,152
Intergovernmental	Ψ	1,228,698	Ψ	1,337,144	Ψ	108,446
Licenses and permits		9,500		24,609		15,109
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		18,250		12,742		(5,508)
Public charges for services		8,500		12,436		3,936
Special assessments		-		457		457
Investment income		14,000		27,553		13,553
Miscellaneous		59,500		221,398		161,898
Total revenues		2,364,133		2,680,176		316,043
Expenditures						
Current						
General government		630,205		691,961		(61,756)
Public safety		847,277		745,984		101,293
Public works		950,237		904,649		45,588
Health and human services		10,500		10,426		74
Culture, recreation and education		539,613		586,153		(46,540)
Capital Outlay		4,500		6,754		(2,254)
Total expenditures		2,982,332		2,945,927		36,405
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(618,199)		(265,751)		352,448
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		614,200		638,243		24,043
Transfers out		-		(168,732)		(168,732)
Sale of property and equipment				1,280		1,280
Total other financing sources (uses)		614,200		470,791		(143,409)
Net change in fund balance - budgetary basis	\$	(3,999)		205,040	\$	200,258
Prospective Differences						
Economic Development fund and change in fund						
balance			\$	(105,424)		
Aquatic Center fund change in fund balance				22,153		
Jackson County Fair fund change in fund balance				(2,572)		
Jackson County New Arena fund change in fund balance				(18,732)		
Lunda Community Park fund change in fund balance				(48,605)		
Field of Honor fund change in fund balance				2,171		
Fair Park Renovation fund change in fund balance				242		
Jackson County Fair Park Maintenance fund change in				0.004		
fund balance				3,364		
License Plate fund change in fund balance				2,973		
Taxi Service fund change in fund balance				31,226		
			\$	91,836		
Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis			Ψ	91,000		

Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) Year Ended December 31, 2020

WRS Fiscal Year End Date (Measurement Date)	City's Proportion of the Net Pension Asset (Liability)	City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability)	City's Covered Payroll	City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
12/30/19	0.02005494%	\$ 646,662	\$ 2,789,420	23.18%	102.96%
12/31/18	0.01996108%	(710,152)	2,745,533	25.87%	96.45%
12/31/17	0.01929270%	572,823	2,603,541	22.00%	102.93%
12/31/16	0.01841270%	(151,765)	2,535,421	5.99%	99.12%
12/31/15	0.01827242%	(296,923)	2,375,291	12.50%	98.20%
12/31/14	0.01868455%	458,944	2,333,340	19.67%	102.74%

Schedule of Employer Contributions Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) Year Ended December 31, 2020

City Year End Date	R	ntractually equired ntributions	Rela Co	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/30/20	\$	210,962	\$	210,962	\$	-	\$	2,717,359	7.76%
12/31/19		210,796		210,796		-		2,843,576	7.41%
12/31/18		200,790		200,790		-		2,638,058	7.61%
12/31/17		194,642		194,642		-		2,539,137	7.67%
12/31/16		186,397		186,397		-		2,535,421	7.35%
12/31/15		177,400		177,400		-		2,401,183	7.39%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended December 31, 2020

Budgetary Information

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting for each fund as described in Note 1.

The budgeted amounts presented include any amendments made. The City may authorize transfers of budgeted amounts within departments. Transfers between departments and changes to the overall budget must be approved by a two-thirds council action.

Appropriations lapse at year end unless specifically carried over. There were no carryovers to the following year. Budgets are adopted at the object level of expenditure in the general fund, and in the debt service fund and general capital projects fund, budgets are adopted at the fund level of expenditure.

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using generally accepted accounting principles and the modified accrual basis of accounting. There are prospective differences between general fund actual amounts shown in the required supplementary information and those shown in the basic financial statements. These are detailed in the required supplementary information.

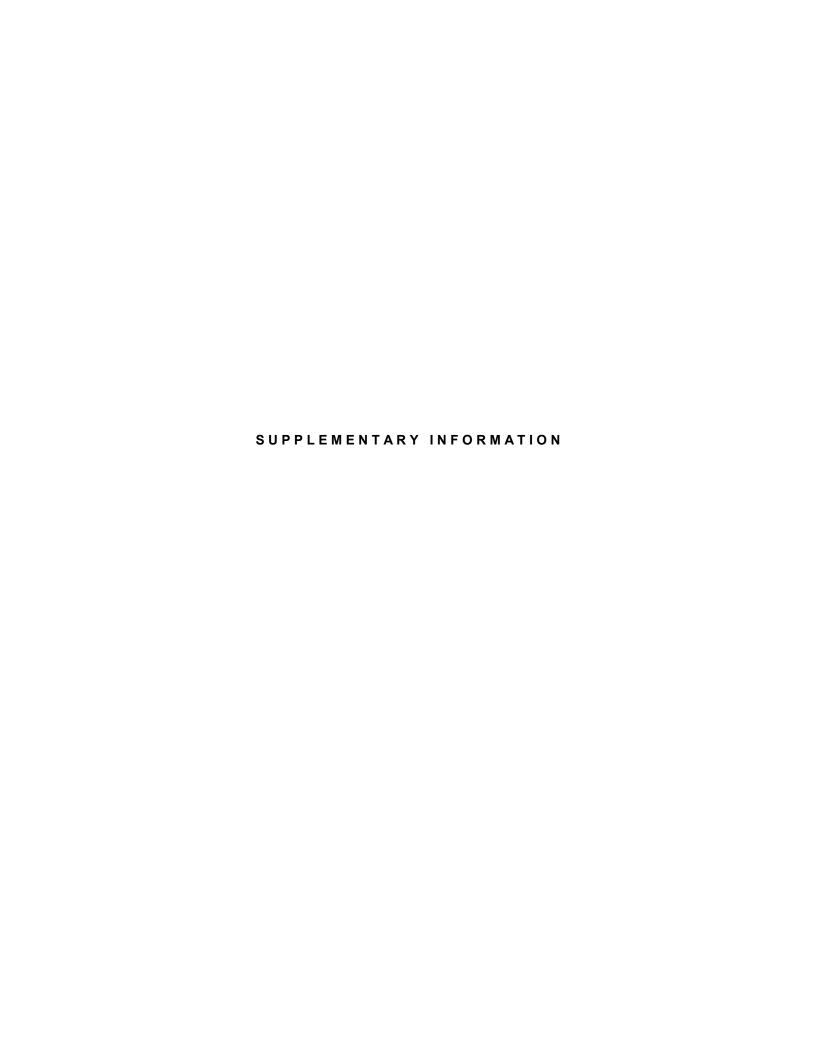
Wisconsin Retirement System

The amounts determined for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end and occurred within the fiscal year.

The City is required to present the last ten years of data; however, accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes in benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in the Wisconsin Retirement System.

Changes in assumptions. No significant change in assumptions were noted from the prior year.



Detailed Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual -General Fund (Non-GAAP) Year Ended December 31, 2020

Taxes General property tax for local purposes \$ 1,014,610	th et
General property tax for local purposes \$ 1,014,610	
Mobile home taxes 7,500 7,048 (45 Public accommodation taxes 3,500 9,222 5,72 Payments in lieu of taxes 75 12,957 12,88 Total taxes 1,025,685 1,043,837 18,15 Special Assessments Other - 457 45	_
Public accommodation taxes 3,500 9,222 5,72 Payments in lieu of taxes 75 12,957 12,88 Total taxes 1,025,685 1,043,837 18,15 Special Assessments Other - 457 45	52)
Payments in lieu of taxes 75 12,957 12,88 Total taxes 1,025,685 1,043,837 18,15 Special Assessments Other - 457 45	
Total taxes 1,025,685 1,043,837 18,15 Special Assessments Other - 457 45	
Special Assessments Other 457 45	<u>~_</u>
Other 457 457	<u>52</u>
Total special assessments 457 457	57
	<u>57</u>
Intergovernmental	
Intergovernmental Shared revenues 735,000 741,585 6,58	25
Federal grants - 59,150 59,150 59,150	
Fire insurance tax from state 9,500 10,827 1,32	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
State aid - general government 5,000 7,379 2,37 State aid - law enforcement training - 9,535 9,53	
State aid - general transportation aids 275,000 277,257 2,25 State aid - connecting streets 40,000 40,375 37	
State aid - culture, recreation and education - 11,000 11,000	
State aid - municipal services 6,500 6,209 (29	
	30
Other state payments - 6,602 6,60	
County aid - libraries 146,398 145,895 (50	
Other local government	
	/U
Total intergovernmental 1,228,698 1,337,144 108,44	16
Licenses and Permits	
Liquor and malt beverage licenses 7,000 940 (6,06	30)
Operators' license 1,750 2,900 1,15	
Cigarette licenses 750 1,200 45	50
Building permits - 14,947 14,94	
Other regulatory permits and fees 4,622 4,62	<u>?2</u>
Total licenses and permits)9
Fines, Forfeitures and penalties	
	32)
Traffic reports 17,500 12,024 (5,47	
Total Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties 18,250 12,742 (5,50	<u>)8)</u>
Public Charges for Services	
Parks 2,500 1,371 (1,12	29)
Street related facilities - 6,399 6,39	
Library 6,000 4,351 (1,64	
Other public charges for services 315 31	
Total public charges for services <u>8,500</u> <u>12,436</u> <u>3,93</u>	<u> 36</u>

Detailed Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - General Fund (Non-GAAP)
Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Investment Income Interest income Interest on special assessments	\$ 14,000 	\$ 27,360 193	\$ 13,360 193	
Total investment income	14,000	27,553	13,553	
Miscellaneous Rent Insurance recoveries - highway Donations Miscellaneous	12,000 47,500	23,310 21,230 90,497 86,361	23,310 21,230 78,497 38,861	
Total miscellaneous	59,500	221,398	161,898	
Total revenues	\$ 2,364,133	\$ 2,680,176	\$ 316,043	

Detailed Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses - Budget and Actual -General Fund (Non-GAAP) Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original and Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
General Government				
Council	\$ 25,850	\$	25,501	\$ 349
Legal counseling	48,000		36,582	11,418
Mayor	9,045		9,796	(751)
Administrator	107,435		107,038	`397 [′]
Elections	10,000		20,496	(10,496)
Finance	147,930)	145,032	2,898
Assessor/building inspector	20,200)	14,617	5,583
Independent auditing	42,500)	42,620	(120)
Municipal building	32,940)	35,138	(2,198)
Property and liability insurance	49,500)	66,233	(16,733)
Workers' compensation	55,000)	44,632	10,368
Automobile fleet insurance	16,500)	15,474	1,026
Other general government	23,750)	80,428	(56,678)
Employee benefits	41,555	5	48,178	(6,623)
License publication fees			196	(196)
Total general government	630,205	<u> </u>	691,961	(61,756)
Public Safety				
Police	731,585		594,191	137,394
Fire protection	115,692	<u>-</u>	109,797	5,895
Building inspection	•	•	14,003	(14,003)
Other public safety			27,993	(27,993)
Total public safety	847,277	<u> </u>	745,984	101,293
Public Works				
Administration	88,317	,	88,931	(614)
Street machine repair	62,190)	77,899	(15,709)
Highway and street maintenance and construction	89,305	5	108,962	(19,657)
Curb and gutter	31,970)	30,484	1,486
Tree and brush control	41,765		54,903	(13,138)
Street signs	8,780		6,143	2,637
Street cleaning	11,590		9,537	2,053
Snow and ice control	105,685		84,280	21,405
Street lighting	89,000		66,856	22,144
Storm sewer	11,635		17,069	(5,434)
Airport	12,500		12,500	-
Levee certification and maintenance	1,200		-	1,200
Refuse and garbage collection	51,385		40,882	10,503
Landfill	35,000		37,550	(2,550)
Recycling	26,545		20,555	5,990
Sanitary sewers	43,755		40,362	3,393
Garage and machine shed	75,000		62,955	12,045
Landfill abandonment	4,750		3,300	1,450
Insurance Sidewalks	136,930 22,935		137,670 3,811	(740) 19,124
Total public works	950,237	<u> </u>	904,649	45,588

	Original and Final Budget			Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Health and Human Services							
Rodent control	\$	500	\$	427	\$	73	
Animal control		10,000		9,999		1	
Total health and human services		10,500		10,426		74	
Culture, Recreation and Education							
Library		324,713		315,771		8,942	
Parks		118,335		118,667		(332)	
Recreation programs		1,500		5,653		(4,153)	
Recreation administration		93,065		89,694		3,371	
Golf courses		, -		55,965		(55,965)	
Skating rink		2,000		403		1,597 [°]	
Total culture, recreation and education		539,613		586,153		(46,540)	
Capital Outlay							
Street lighting		2,500		1,455		1,045	
Storm sewer		2,000		4,394		(2,394)	
Parks and playgrounds				905		(905)	
Total capital outlay		4,500		6,754		(2,254)	
Total expenditures	\$	2,982,332	\$	2,945,927	\$	36,405	

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2020

	Special	Revenue	Capital Projects			
	Revolving Housing	Affordable Housing	TIF #4	TIF #5	TIF #6	
Assets Cash and investments Receivables (net): Taxes Loans	\$ 196,035 - 657,301	\$ 114,070 - -	\$ 9,601 174,590	\$ - 2,656	\$ 78,952 27,857	
Total assets	\$ 853,336	\$ 114,070	\$ 184,191	\$ 2,656	\$ 106,809	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances						
Liabilities Due to other funds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,452	\$ -	
Total liabilities				10,452		
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unearned revenues Unavailable revenues	- 657,301		174,590	2,656	27,857 	
Total deferred inflows of resources	657,301		174,590	2,656	27,857	
Fund Balances Restricted Unassigned (deficit)	196,035 	114,070	9,601	- (10,452)	78,952 	
Total fund balances	196,035	114,070	9,601	(10,452)	78,952	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 853,336	\$ 114,070	\$ 184,191	\$ 2,656	\$ 106,809	

_	Capital Projects		Total Nonmajor overnmental
	TIF #7	_	Funds
\$	-	\$	398,658
	2,656		207,759 657,301
\$	2,656	\$	1,263,718
\$	19,603	\$	30,055
	19,603		30,055
_	2,656	_	207,759 657,301
	2,656		865,060
_	(19,603) (19,603)		398,658 (30,055) 368,603
\$	2,656	\$	1,263,718

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Special	Revenue	Capital Projects				
	Revolving Housing	Affordable Housing Fund	TIF #4	TIF #5	TIF #6		
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 168,179	\$ -	\$ 12,652		
Intergovernmental	-	· -	3,767	-	-		
Investment income	248	-	-	-	-		
Miscellaneous	89,325						
Total revenues	89,573		171,946		12,652		
Expenditures Current:							
Conservation and							
development	7,508	-	170,400	150	5,150		
Debt service:			100.625				
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	129,635 12,124	-	-		
interest and fiscal charges			12,124				
Total expenditures	7,508		312,159	150	5,150		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	00.005		(4.40.04.2)	(450)	7.500		
expenditures	82,065		(140,213)	(150)	7,502		
Other Financing Sources Debt issued			165,000				
Total other financing sources			165,000				
Net change in fund balances	82,065	-	24,787	(150)	7,502		
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning	113,970	114,070	(15,186)	(10,302)	71,450		
Fund Balances (Deficit), Ending	\$ 196,035	\$ 114,070	\$ 9,601	\$ (10,452)	\$ 78,952		

Capital Projects	Total
TIF #7	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ - - - -	\$ 180,831 3,767 248 89,325
	274,171
150	183,358
-	129,635 12,124
150	325,117
(150)	(50,946)
	165,000
	165,000
(150)	114,054
(19,453)	254,549
\$ (19,603)	\$ 368,603

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds
December 31, 2020

	Custodial Funds	
	License & Registration Tax Collection Fund Fund Fund	Total
Assets		
Cash and investments	\$ 1,267,823 \$ - \$	1,267,823
Taxes receivable	2,758,724	2,758,724
Total assets	4,026,547 -	4,026,547
Liabilities		
Due to other taxing units	4,026,547 -	4,026,547
Total liabilities	4,026,547 -	4,026,547
Total net position	<u>\$ -</u> <u>\$ -</u> <u>\$</u>	

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Custodi				
	Tax Collection Fund			icense & gistration ollection Fund		Total
Additions Property taxes collected for other governments	\$	2,410,932	\$	-	\$	2,410,932
License and registration fees collected for other governments				134,553		134,553
Total additions		2,410,932		134,553		2,545,485
Deductions Property taxes distributed to other governments License and registration fees distributed to other governments	_	2,410,932		- 134,553		2,410,932 134,553
Total deductions		2,410,932		134,553		2,545,485
Change in net position		-		-		-
Net Position, Beginning					_	
Net Position, Ending	\$		\$		\$	

City of Black River Falls
Combining Balance Sheet - General Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2020

		General Fund		conomic velopment	Aquatic Center			Jackson County Fair		Jackson County ew Arena		Lunda mmunity Park
Assets												
Cash and investments	\$	2,195,254	\$	573,117	\$	(24,685)	\$	74,160	\$	51,493	\$	148,875
Receivables (net)												
Taxes		1,070,435		-		60,000		-		-		40,000
Accounts		55,011		-		-		4,894		25,254		2,727
Special assessments		-		-		-		-		-		-
Loans		- 0.050		113,212		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments Due from other organizations		9,850		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		- 665,585		-		-		-		-		-
Due Holli other lunus		000,000	-		_		_		_	<u>-</u>		
Total assets	\$	3,996,135	\$	686,329	\$	35,315	\$	79,054	\$	76,747	\$	191,602
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows												
of Resources and Fund Balances												
Liabilities	•	0.4.7							_			
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	81,171	\$	-	\$	353	\$	4,300	\$	7,839	\$	6,101
		19,346										-
Total Liabilities		100,517			_	353	_	4,300		7,839		6,101
Deferred Inflows of Resources												
Unearned revenues		1,017,522		-		60,000		-		-		40,000
Unavailable revenues				113,211								<u> </u>
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,017,522		113,211		60,000	_		_		_	40,000
Fund Balances (Deficit)												
Nonspendable		24,743		_		_		-		-		_
Restricted		121,382		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned		584,326		573,118		-		74,754		68,908		145,501
Unassigned (deficit)		2,147,645				(25,038)	_					
Total fund balances (deficit)		2,878,096		573,118		(25,038)		74,754		68,908		145,501
Total liabilities, deferred inflows												
of resources and fund balances	\$	3,996,135	\$	686,329	\$	35,315	\$	79,054	\$	76,747	\$	191,602

City of Black River Falls
Combining Balance Sheet - General Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2020

	_	Field of Honor		Fair Park Renovation		ackson County Fair Park Maintenance		License Plate		Taxi Service		Total Combined eneral Fund
Assets												
Cash and investments	\$	(793)	\$	159,332	\$	53,711	\$	39,044	\$	79,792	\$	3,349,300
Receivables (net)												
Taxes		-		-		-		-		35,000		1,205,435
Accounts		-		-		-		-		-		87,886
Special assessments		-		-		-		-		-		-
Loans		-		-		-		-		25.450		113,212
Due from other governments Due from other organizations		-		-		-		-		35,158		45,008
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-		665,585
Due nom other funds	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>			_	<u>-</u>		003,303
Total assets	\$	(793)	\$	159,332	\$	53,711	\$	39,044	\$	149,950	\$	5,466,426
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	24	\$	-	\$	-	\$	583	\$	15,658	\$	116,029
Accrued liabilities				<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>						19,346
Total Liabilities	_	24	_		_	<u>-</u>		583		15,658	_	135,375
Deferred Inflows of Resources												
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-		35,000		1,152,522
Unavailable revenues	_		_		_		_		_		_	113,211
Total deferred inflows of resources			_		_			<u>-</u>		35,000	_	1,265,733
Fund Balances (Deficit)												
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		24,743
Restricted		-		159,332		-		-		-		280,714
Assigned		-		-		53,711		38,461		99,292		1,638,071
Unassigned (deficit)	_	(817)	_		_		_		_		_	2,121,790
Total fund balances (deficit)		(817)	_	159,332	_	53,711		38,461		99,292	_	4,065,318
Total liabilities, deferred inflows												
of resources and fund balances	\$	(793)	\$	159,332	\$	53,711	\$	39,044	\$	149,950	\$	5,466,426

City of Black River Falls

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

	General Fund	Econom Developm		Aquatic Center	ackson County Fair		Jackson County ew Arena	Lunda mmunity Park
Revenues	 			 	 			
Taxes	\$ 1,043,837	\$	-	\$ 55,500	\$ 16,301	\$	16,301	\$ 46,367
Intergovernmental	1,337,144		-	-	-		-	-
Licenses and permits	24,609		-	-	-		-	-
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	12,742		-	-	-		-	-
Public charges for services	12,436		-	-	32,165		315	3,247
Special assessments	457			-	-		-	-
Investment income	27,553		434	-	-		-	-
Miscellaneous	 221,398	3	796	 100	 		45,031	 8,920
Total revenues	 2,680,176	15	230	 55,600	 48,466		61,647	 58,534
Expenditures								
Current								
General government	691,961		-	-	-		-	-
Public safety	745,984		-	-	-		-	-
Public works	904,649		-	-	-		-	-
Health and human services	10,426		-	-	-		-	-
Culture, recreation and education	586,153		-	33,447	36,038		80,379	107,139
Conservation and development	-	120	654	-	-		-	-
Capital Outlay	 6,754			 <u>-</u>	 			 <u>-</u>
Total expenditures	 2,945,927	120	654	 33,447	 36,038		80,379	 107,139
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	 (265,751)	(105	424)	 22,153	 12,428		(18,732)	 (48,605)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in	638,243		-	-	-		-	-
Transfers out	(168,732)		-	-	(15,000))	-	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	 1,280			 	 <u> </u>			
Total other financing sources (uses)	 470,791			 	 (15,000)		<u>-</u>	
Net change in fund balance	205,040	(105	424)	22,153	(2,572))	(18,732)	(48,605)
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning	 2,673,056	678	542	 (47,191)	 77,326		87,640	 194,106
Fund Balances (Deficit), Ending	\$ 2,878,096	\$ 573	118	\$ (25,038)	\$ 74,754	\$	68,908	\$ 145,501

City of Black River Falls
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Field of Honor	Fair Park Renovation	Jackson County Fair Park Maintenance	License Plate	Taxi Service	Eliminations	Total Combined General Fund
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 35,000	\$ -	\$ 1,213,306
Intergovernmental	_	-	· -	· -	193,361	· -	1,530,505
Licenses and permits	_	_	_	_	· -	_	24,609
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	_	_	_	_	_	_	12,742
Public charges for services	_	_	_	5,796	_	_	53,959
Special assessments	_	_	_	-	_	_	457
Investment income	_	_	_	32	_	_	39,019
Miscellaneous	3,738	242	_	-	2,075	_	285,300
Wilsocharicous	0,100		·		2,010		
Total revenues	3,738	242		5,828	230,436		3,159,897
Expenditures							
Current							004.004
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	691,961
Public safety	-	-	-	2,855	-	-	748,839
Public works	-	-	-	-	199,210	-	1,103,859
Health and human services	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,426
Culture, recreation and education	1,567	-	11,636	-	-	-	856,359
Conservation and development	-	-	-	-	-	-	120,654
Capital Outlay						-	6,754
Total expenditures	1,567		11,636	2,855	199,210		3,538,852
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	2,171	242	(11,636)	2,973	31,226	_	(378,955)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	-	-	15,000	-	-	(15,000)	638,243
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	-	15,000	(168,732)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets							1,280
Total other financing sources (uses)			15,000				470,791
Net change in fund balance	2,171	242	3,364	2,973	31,226	-	91,836
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning	(2,988)	159,090	50,347	35,488	68,066		3,973,482
Fund Balances (Deficit), Ending	\$ (817)	\$ 159,332	\$ 53,711	\$ 38,461	\$ 99,292	\$ -	\$ 4,065,318

City of Black River Falls
Required Utility Bond Disclosures
Year Ended December 31, 2020

Insurance Coverage

<u>Description</u>	Amount of Coverage	Coverage Dates	Name of Insurer
Property	\$ 23,161,300	11/1/20 - 12/31/21	EMC Insurance
Personal Property	13,160,684	11/1/20 - 12/31/21	EMC Insurance
Property in the Open	12,600,336	11/1/20 - 12/31/21	EMC Insurance
Flood (At Specific Locations)	1,000,000	11/1/20 - 12/31/21	EMC Insurance
Hydro-Electric Plant	7,628,949	11/1/20 - 12/31/21	EMC Insurance
Contractor's Equipment	2,120,804	11/1/20 - 12/31/21	EMC Insurance
Equipment Breakdown	100,000,000	11/1/20 - 12/31/21	Hartford Steam Boiler & Insurance Company
Auto Liability	3,000,000	11/1/20 - 12/31/21	League of Wisconsin Municipalities Mutual
Workers Compensation /			·
Employer Liability	2,000,000	11/1/20 - 12/31/21	United Heartland
Liability	3,000,000	11/1/20 - 12/31/21	League of Wisconsin Municipalities Mutual

Number of Connections

User Classification	Electric
Residential	2,219
Commercial	552
Public Authority	14
Standby	-





Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the City Council of City of Black River Falls

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component unit and remaining fund information of the City of Black River Falls, Wisconsin, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 27, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Black River Falls' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Black River Falls' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Black River Falls' internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2020-001 and 2020-002 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the City of Black River Falls are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Management's Response to Findings

Baker Tilly US, LLP

The City of Black River Falls' response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The City of Black River Falls' response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Eau Claire, Wisconsin

May 27, 2021

Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended December 31, 2020

Financial Statement Findings Required to be Reported in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Finding 2020-001: Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Criteria: A system of internal control should be in place that provides reasonable assurance that year-end financial statements are complete and accurate.

Condition: There is a lack of controls over the year-end financial reporting process. Material journal entries were discovered during the course of the audit and we, as your auditors, prepared the City of Black River Falls' (City) financial statements.

Cause: The City has chosen to have the auditors prepare its annual financial statements.

Effect: The City's financial records may be materially misstated before the annual audit is completed. In addition, the annual financial statements are not available to the City until they are completed by the auditors.

Recommendation: The City should develop an action plan to ensure that all material year-end adjustments are recorded by city staff prior to audit fieldwork. Many small governments operate with only enough staff to process monthly transactions and reports, and will continue to rely on outside consultants to handle year-end financial reporting. Management and the City Council should continue to make a reasonable effort to be knowledgeable about the City's financial condition and financial reporting requirements.

Management's Response/Planned Corrective Action: Because of its size, the City does not feel it is cost effective to hire an employee(s) with the experience and technical training to prepare its financial statements. The City will make every effort to reduce the number of journal entries made by the auditors at the end of the year.

Finding 2020-002: Internal Control Environment

Criteria: A system of internal controls should be in place to achieve a higher level of reliability that errors or irregularities in your processes would be discovered by your staff and to provide reasonable assurance that individuals have access to only one phase of the accounting process.

Condition: There is a lack of controls over accounts payable/disbursements, payroll, property taxes, utility billing, utility plant accounting and period close transaction cycles, primarily due to a lack of segregation of duties in the accounting functions.

Cause: The city has not assigned duties to have the appropriate controls in place.

Effect: Because of the lack of internal controls, it is less likely that errors or irregularities would be discovered internally. Because of the lack of segregation of duties, the accounting records may be misstated.

Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended December 31, 2020

Recommendation: Most of the key controls lacking for these transaction cycles are not possible to cure without adding staff. The City Council should rely more heavily on their direct knowledge of the City's operations and day-to-day contact with employees to control and safeguard assets. The City Council should also continue to make a reasonable effort to be knowledgeable about the City's key transaction cycles.

Management's Response/Planned Corrective Action: The City is aware of our lack of controls over accounts payable/disbursements, payroll, property taxes, utility billing, utility plant accounting and period close. Because of our size, we do not feel it is cost effective to hire the number of employees needed to cure these internal control deficiencies.